



Not authorized for distribution unless preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus.

Average Annual Total Returns (%)

As of March 31, 2023	30 Years	20 Years	15 Years	10 Years	5 Years	3 Years	1 Year	QTD
FPA New Income, Inc.	4.08	2.61	1.90	1.50	1.56	1.19	0.60	2.02
Bloomberg US Agg Bond	4.51	3.18	2.71	1.36	0.91	-2.77	-4.78	2.96
CPI + 100 bps	3.54	3.54	3.36	3.68	4.91	6.40	6.04	1.19
Bloomberg US Agg. 1-3 Yr	N/A	2.05	1.53	0.99	1.21	-0.51	0.24	1.51

Past performance is no guarantee of future results and current performance may be higher or lower than the performance shown. This data represents past performance and investors should understand that investment returns and principal values fluctuate, so that when you redeem your investment it may be worth more or less than its original cost. Current month-end performance data, which may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted, may be obtained at www.fpa.com or by calling toll-free, 1-800-982-4372. As of its most recent prospectus, the Fund's total expense ratio is 0.59% and net expense ratio is 0.45%.

Periods greater than one year are annualized. FPA New Income, Inc. ("Fund") performance is calculated on a total return basis which includes reinvestment of all distributions and is net of all fees and expenses. Fund returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares, which would lower these figures. Comparison to any index is for illustrative purposes only. The Fund does not include outperformance of any index or benchmark in its investment objectives. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

The Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses before reimbursement is 0.59% (as of the most recent prospectus). First Pacific Advisors, LP (The "Adviser" or "FPA"), the Fund's investment adviser, has contractually agreed to reimburse the Fund for Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in excess of 0.45% of the average net assets of the Fund (excluding interest, taxes, brokerage fees and commissions payable by the Fund in connection with the purchase or sale of portfolio securities, and extraordinary expenses, including litigation expenses not incurred in the Fund's ordinary course of business) through January 31, 2024. This agreement may only be terminated earlier by the Fund's Board of Directors (the "Board") or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement.

You should consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses carefully before you invest. The Prospectus details the Fund's objective and policies, charges, and other matters of interest to a prospective investor. Please read the Prospectus carefully before investing. The Prospectus may be obtained by visiting the website at www.fpa.com, by email at crm@fpa.com, toll-free by calling 1-800-982-4372 or by contacting the Fund in writing.

Please see important disclosures at the end of this update.

Contributors and Detractors¹

The largest contributors to performance during the quarter were collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) backed by corporate loans with most of the return due to income from coupon payments. Most of these bonds are floating rate and have benefited from increases in their coupons as interest rates have risen. The second and third largest contributors to performance during the quarter were asset-backed securities (ABS) backed by equipment and ABS backed by auto loans or leases, respectively. The return on these ABS was generally driven by higher prices due to lower risk risk-free rates, with coupon payments also contributing to the return.

While there were individual bonds that detracted from performance during the quarter, there were no other meaningful detractors at the sector level.

Portfolio Highlights²

The table below shows the portfolio's exposures as of December 31, 2022 compared to March 31, 2023:

Sector	% Portfolio 3/31/2023	% Portfolio 12/31/2022
ABS	63.5	63.4
Mortgage Backed (CMO) ³	5.5	5.3
Stripped Mortgage-backed	0.4	0.4
Corporate	6.2	6.2
CMBS ³	12.5	11.9
Mortgage Pass-through	2.0	2.1
U.S. Treasury	5.7	7.0
Cash and equivalents	4.2	3.7
Total	100.0%	100.0%
Yield-to-worst ⁴	6.04%	6.14%
Effective Duration (years)	1.81	1.70
Average Life (years)	2.41	2.34

Observations

Macroeconomic data during the quarter pointed toward lower future inflation. In addition, two bank failures in early March led to expectations that a contraction in credit would be disinflationary and avoid some of

¹ This information is not a recommendation for a specific security or sector and these securities/sectors may not be in the Fund at the time you receive this report. The information provided does not reflect all positions purchased, sold or recommended by FPA during the quarter. The portfolio holdings as of the most recent quarter-end may be obtained at www.fpa.com.

² Portfolio composition will change due to ongoing management of the Fund.

³ Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMO") are mortgage-backed bonds that separate mortgage pools into different maturity classes. Commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") are securities backed by commercial mortgages rather than residential mortgages.

⁴ Yield to Worst ("YTW") is presented gross of fees and reflects the lowest possible yield on a callable bond without the issuer defaulting. It does not represent the yield an investor should expect to receive. As of March 31, 2023, the Fund's subsidized/unsubsidized 30-day SEC standardized yield ("SEC Yield") was 4.02%/3.88% respectively. The SEC Yield calculation is an annualized measure of the Fund's dividend and interest payments for the last 30 days, less the Fund expenses. Subsidized yield reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements during the period. Without waivers and/or reimbursements, yields would be reduced. Unsubsidized yield does not adjust for any fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect. The SEC Yield calculation shows investors what they would earn in yield over the course of a 12-month period if the Fund continued earning the same rate for the rest of the year.

Past performance is no guarantee, nor is it indicative, of future results.

the Federal Reserve's anticipated monetary policy tightening. As a result, while the Federal Reserve instituted two 25 bps increases in the Fed Funds rate during the quarter, risk-free rates declined during the quarter for maturities longer than a year.⁵ Up until the bank failures, spreads declined across the market but then increased following the bank failures on concerns about contagion and weaker economic growth. Overall, investment grade debt spreads rose during the quarter while spreads on high yield rated debt declined.⁶ The net result is that yields across the bond market are generally lower than they were a few months ago. Nevertheless, on an absolute basis, we still see an attractive opportunity to buy longer duration, high quality bonds (rated single-A or higher) which we believe will enhance the Fund's long-term returns and the Fund's upside versus downside return profile. We do not generally view credit (investments rated BBB or lower) as attractively priced, but we continue to search and will opportunistically invest in credit when we believe that the price adequately compensates us for the risk of permanent capital impairment and near-term mark-to-market risk.

Please note that the Fund does not own any direct investments in banks and has not owned such investments for at least a decade.

⁵ Source: Bloomberg. Federal Reserve; <https://www.federalreserve.gov/newsevents/pressreleases/monetary20230201a1.htm>, <https://www.federalreserve.gov/newsevents/pressreleases/monetary20230322a1.htm>

⁶ Source: Bloomberg.

Important Disclosures

This update is for informational and discussion purposes only and does not constitute, and should not be construed as, an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any securities, products or services discussed, and neither does it provide investment advice. Any such offer or solicitation shall only be made pursuant to the Fund's Prospectus, which supersedes the information contained herein in its entirety.

The views expressed herein and any forward-looking statements are as of the date of the publication and are those of the portfolio manager. Future events or results may vary significantly from those expressed and are subject to change at any time in response to changing circumstances and industry developments. This information and data has been prepared from sources believed reliable, but the accuracy and completeness of the information cannot be guaranteed and is not a complete summary or statement of all available data. You should not construe the contents of this document as legal, tax, accounting, investment or other advice or recommendations.

Abhijeet Patwardhan has been portfolio manager for the Fund since November 2015. Thomas Atteberry managed/co-managed the Fund from November 2004 through June 2022. Effective July 1, 2022, Mr. Atteberry transitioned to a Senior Advisory role. There were no material changes to the investment process due to this transition.

Portfolio composition will change due to ongoing management of the Fund. References to individual securities or sectors are for informational purposes only and should not be construed as recommendations by the Fund, the portfolio managers, the Adviser, or the distributor. It should not be assumed that future investments will be profitable or will equal the performance of the security or sector examples discussed. The portfolio holdings as of the most recent quarter-end may be obtained at www.fpa.com.

The statements made herein may be forward-looking and/or based on current expectations, projections, and/or information currently available. Actual results may differ from those anticipated. The portfolio managers and/or FPA cannot assure future results and disclaims any obligation to update or alter any statistical data and/or references thereto, as well as any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Such statements may or may not be accurate over the long-term.

Investments, including investments in mutual funds, carry risks and investors may lose principal value. Capital markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. The Fund may purchase foreign securities, including American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and other depository receipts, which are subject to interest rate, currency exchange rate, economic and political risks; this may be enhanced when investing in emerging markets. Foreign investments, especially those of companies in emerging markets, can be riskier, less liquid, harder to value, and more volatile than investments in the United States. The securities of smaller, less well-known companies can be more volatile than those of larger companies.

The return of principal in a bond fund is not guaranteed. Bond funds have the same issuer, interest rate, inflation and credit risks that are associated with underlying bonds owned by the Fund. Lower rated bonds, convertible securities and other types of debt obligations typically involve greater risks than higher rated bonds. Interest rate risk is the risk that when interest rates go up, the value of fixed income securities, such as bonds, typically go down and investors may lose principal value. Credit risk is the risk of loss of principal due to the issuer's failure to repay a loan. Generally, the lower the quality rating of a security, the greater the risk that the issuer will fail to pay interest fully and return principal in a timely manner. If an issuer defaults the security may lose some or all of its value.

Mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities represent interests in "pools" of mortgages or other assets such as consumer loans or receivables held in trust and often involve risks that are different from or possibly more acute than risks associated with other types of debt instruments. Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk and can be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, and in particular those not backed by a government guarantee, are subject to credit risk/risk of default on the underlying mortgages or other assets. Asset-backed are also subject to additional risks associated with the nature of the assets and the servicing of those assets.

Collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs"), which include collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), collateralized bond obligations ("CBOs"), and other similarly structured securities, carry additional risks in addition to interest rate risk and default risk. This includes, but is not limited to: (i) distributions from the underlying collateral may not be adequate to make interest or other payments; (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default; and (iii) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the issuer or unexpected investment results. Investments in CDOs are also more difficult to value than other investments.

Value style investing presents the risk that the holdings or securities may never reach their full market value because the market fails to recognize what the portfolio management team considers the true business value or because the portfolio management team has misjudged those values. In addition, value style investing may fall out of favor and underperform growth or other styles of investing during given periods.

The ratings agencies that provide ratings are Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch. Credit ratings range from AAA (highest) to D (lowest). Bonds rated BBB or above are considered investment grade. Credit ratings of BB and below are lower-rated securities (junk bonds). High-yielding, non-investment grade bonds (junk bonds) involve higher risks than investment grade bonds. Bonds with credit ratings of CCC or below have high default risk.

Please **refer to the Fund's Prospectus** for a complete overview of the primary risks associated with the Fund.

The Fund is not authorized for distribution unless preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus. The prospectus can be accessed at: <https://fpa.com/request-funds-literature>.

Index and Other Definitions

Comparison to any index is for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon as a fully accurate measure of comparison. The Fund will be less diversified than the indices noted herein and may hold non-index securities or securities that are not comparable to those contained in an index. Indices will hold positions that are not within the Fund's investment strategy. Indices are unmanaged, do not reflect any commissions, fees or expenses which would be incurred by an investor purchasing the underlying securities. The Fund does not include outperformance of any index or benchmark in its investment objectives. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index provides a measure of the performance of the U.S. investment grade bonds market, which includes investment grade U.S. Government bonds, investment grade corporate bonds, mortgage pass-through securities and asset-backed securities that are publicly offered for sale in the United States. The securities in the Index must have at least 1 year remaining in maturity. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate, nonconvertible, and taxable.

Bloomberg US Aggregate 1-3 Year Index provides a measure of the performance of the U.S. investment grade bonds market, which includes investment grade U.S. Government bonds, investment grade corporate bonds, mortgage pass-through securities and asset-backed securities that are publicly offered for sale in the United States. The securities in the Index must have a remaining maturity of 1 to 3 years. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate, nonconvertible, and taxable.

The **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** is an unmanaged index representing the rate of the inflation of U.S. consumer prices as determined by the U.S. Department of Labor Statistics. The CPI is presented to illustrate the Fund's purchasing power against changes in the prices of goods as opposed to a benchmark, which is used to compare the Fund's performance. There can be no guarantee that the CPI will reflect the exact level of inflation at any given time. This index reflects non-seasonally adjusted returns.

Average Life (years) is the average length of time that each dollar of unpaid principal on a loan, a mortgage or an amortizing bond remains outstanding.

Basis Point (bps) is equal to one hundredth of one percent, or 0.01%. 100 basis points = 1%.

Credit Spread is the difference in yield between a U.S. Treasury bond and another debt security of the same maturity but different credit quality

CPI + 100 bps is the measure of the CPI plus an additional 100 basis points.

Effective Duration (years) is the duration calculation for bonds with embedded options. Effective duration takes into account that expected cash flows will fluctuate as interest rates change.

A **fixed rate bond** is a bond that pays the same level of interest over its entire term.

A **floating-rate security** is an investment with interest payments that float or adjust periodically based upon a predetermined benchmark.

An **inverted yield curve** means that long-term interest rates are less than short-term interest rates. With an inverted yield curve, the yield decreases the farther away the maturity date is.

The **risk-free rate** reflects the yield of the Treasury bond matching the investment's duration.

The FPA Funds are distributed by UMB Distribution Services, LLC, 235 W. Galena Street, Milwaukee, WI, 53212.